## § 211.22

- (1) The relevant state supervisor, with respect to an application to establish a state branch, state agency, commercial lending company, or representative office of a foreign bank; or
- (2) The Comptroller, with respect to an application to establish a federal branch or federal agency.
- (r) Office or office of a foreign bank means any branch, agency, representative office, or commercial lending company subsidiary of a foreign bank in the United States.
- (s) The *parent* of a foreign bank means any company of which the foreign bank is a subsidiary; the *immediate parent* of a foreign bank is the company of which the foreign bank is a direct subsidiary; and the *ultimate parent* of a foreign bank is the parent of the foreign bank that is not the subsidiary of any other company.
- (t) Regional administrative office means a representative office that:
- (1) Is established by a foreign bank that operates one or more branches, agencies, commercial lending companies, or banks in the United States:
- (2) Is located in the same city as one or more of the foreign bank's branches, agencies, commercial lending companies, or banks in the United States; and
- (3) Manages, supervises, or coordinates the operations of the foreign bank or its affiliates, if any, in a particular geographic region.
- (u) Relevant state supervisor means the state entity that is authorized to supervise and regulate a state branch, state agency, commercial lending company, or representative office.
- (v) Representative office means any place of business of a foreign bank, located in any state, that is not a branch, agency, or subsidiary of the foreign bank.
- (w) *State* means any state of the United States or the District of Columbia.
- (x) Subsidiary means any organization 25 percent or more of whose voting shares is directly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held with the power to vote by a company, including a foreign bank or foreign banking organization, or any organization that is otherwise controlled or capable of being con-

trolled by a foreign bank or foreign banking organization.

[58 FR 6358, Jan. 28, 1993, as amended at Reg. K, 59 FR 55028, Nov. 3, 1994]

## §211.22 Interstate banking operations of foreign banking organizations.

- (a) Determination of home state. (1) A foreign bank (except a foreign bank to which paragraph (a)(2) of this section applies) that has any combination of domestic agencies or subsidiary commercial lending companies that were established before September 29, 1994, in more than one state and have been continuously operated shall select its home state from those states in which such offices or subsidiaries are located. A foreign bank shall do so by filing with the Board a declaration of home state by June 30, 1996. In the absence of such selection, the Board shall designate the home state for such foreign
- (2) A foreign bank that, as of September 29, 1994, had declared a home state or had a home state determined pursuant to the law and regulations in effect prior to that date shall have that state as its home state.
- (3) A foreign bank that has any branches, agencies, subsidiary commercial lending companies, or subsidiary banks in one state, and has no such offices or subsidiaries in any other states, shall have as its home state the state in which such offices or subsidiaries are located.
- (b) Change of home State. A foreign bank may change its home State once if:
- (1) 30 days' prior notification of the proposed change is filed with the Board; and
- (2) Domestic branches established and investments in banks acquired in reliance on its original home State selection are conformed to those that would have been permissible had the new home State been selected as its home State originally.
- (c) Attribution of home State. (1) A foreign bank or organization and the other foreign banks or organizations over which it exercises actual control shall be regarded as one foreign bank and shall be entitled to one home State.

- (2) Actual control shall be conclusively presumed to exist in the case of a bank or organization that owns or controls a majority of the voting shares of another bank or organization.
- (3) Where it appears to the Board that a foreign bank or organization exercises actual control over the management or policies of another foreign bank or organization, the Board may inform the parties that a preliminary determination of control has been made on the basis of the facts summarized in the communication. In the event of a preliminary determination of control by the Board, the parties shall within 30 days (or such longer period as may be permitted by the Board):
- (i) Indicate to the Board a willingness to terminate the control relationship; or
- (ii) Set forth such facts and circumstances as may support the contention that actual control does not exist (and may request a hearing to contest the Board's preliminary determination); or
- (iii) Accede to the Board's preliminary determination, in which event the parties shall be regarded as one foreign bank and shall be entitled to one home State.
- (d) Prohibition against interstate deposit production offices. A covered interstate branch of a foreign bank may not be used as a deposit production office in accordance with the provisions in §208.28 of the Board's Regulation H (12 CFR 208.28).

[45 FR 67058, Oct. 9, 1980, as amended at 56 FR 19574, Apr. 29, 1991. Redesignated and amended at 57 FR 12998, Apr. 15, 1992. Further Redesignated at 58 FR 6359, Jan. 28, 1993; Reg. K, 61 FR 24440, May 15, 1996; 62 FR 47736, Sept. 10, 1997]

## §211.23 Nonbanking activities of foreign banking organizations.

- (a) [Reserved]
- (b) Qualifying foreign banking organizations. Unless specifically made eligible for the exemptions by the Board, a foreign banking organization shall qualify for the exemptions afforded by this section only if, disregarding its United States banking, more than half of its worldwide business is banking; and more than half of its banking busi-

- ness is outside the United States. In order to qualify, a foreign banking organization shall:
- (1) Meet at least two of the following requirements:
- (i) Banking assets held outside the United States exceed total worldwide nonbanking assets;
- (ii) Revenues derived from business of banking outside the United States exceed total revenues derived from its worldwide nonbanking business; or
- (iii) Net income derived from the business of banking outside the United States exceeds total net income derived from its worldwide nonbanking businesses; and
- (2) Meet at least two of the following requirements:
- (i) Banking assets held outside the United States exceed banking assets held in the United States;
- (ii) Revenues derived from the business of banking outside the United States exceed revenues derived from the business of banking in the United States; or
- (iii) Net income derived from the business of banking outside the United States exceeds net income derived from the business of banking in the United States.
- (c) Determining assets, revenues, and net income. (1) For purposes of paragraph (b) of this section, the total assets, revenues, and net income of an organization may be determined on a consolidated or combined basis. Assets, revenues and net income of companies in which the foreign banking organization owns 50 per cent or more of the voting shares shall be included when determining total assets, revenues, and net income. The foreign banking organization may include assets, revenues, and net income of companies in which it owns 25 per cent or more of the voting shares if all such companies within the organization are included;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>None of the assets, revenues, or net income, whether held or derived directly or indirectly, of a subsidiary bank, branch, agency, commercial lending company, or other company engaged in the business of banking in the United States (including any territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, or the Virgin Islands) shall be considered held or derived from the business of banking *outside the United States*.